1. “If blood is dropped onto a smooth surface, such as glass or marble, the edge of the blood appears smooth and circular. However, if the blood lands on a porous surface, such as wood or ceiling tile, then the edge of the drop of blood may form small spikes or extensions. Notice that spikes are still connected to the main droplet of blood, whereas satellites are totally separated.” –pg 204 in your textbook

Attach your paper from the stairwell drop and label the satellites and spikes. Identify whether the surface onto what it was dropped was porous or smooth.

Surface type \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Blood shares a similar cohesive property to water. What does that mean?

Next Stuff…

Point of Origin:

Explain the rolling action of blood and how it produces cast off blood.

Lines of Convergence: